

# Heating-Cooling Perfusion Cube G ALA-HCPC-G High Flow

# **Instruction Manual**

Mar. 2018 1.0



ALA Scientific Instruments Inc. 60 Marine Street Farmingdale, NY 11735 Tel. # 631.393.6401 FAX: # 631.393.6407 E-mail: support@alascience.com www.alascience.com The Heating Cooling Perfusion Cube G is designed to heat or cool a moving volume of liquid for use with a small cell chamber. The ideal flow rate is between 1.5 and 5ml/min. but flow can be as high as 10ml/min. The output tube supplied is about 8cm long, but results will be best if the unit is placed as close to the prep as possible. Typically, the temperature shown on the internal sensor will be within one degree of the output for the flow range listed above. The sensor is in thermal contact with both the "block" that the liquid flows through, and the liquid itself. Please keep in mind that the temperature of the out flowing liquid will decay rapidly. The further the output temperature is away from ambient temperature the more differential you may experience. Shorten the output tube as necessary to prevent heat loss/gain in the output. Generally speaking, the most important thing is that the output tube be as close to the target as possible.

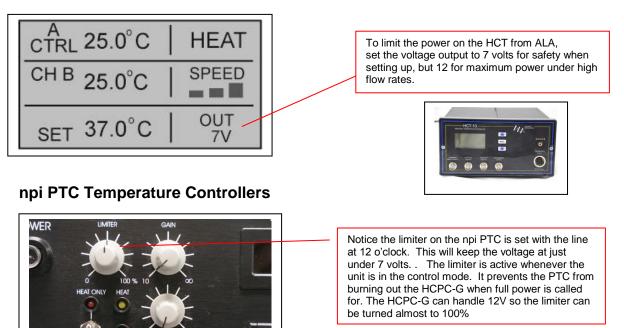
# **IMPORTANT INFO:**

There are two very important things to note when using the HCPC-G. First, the power supplied to it cannot exceed 12 Volts. If it does, the unit will be damaged. Second, the HCPC-G needs cooling water to be sent through the heat exchanger whenever you are cooling below room temperature. Cooling water can come from a CPU cooler (ALA Coolit), or from tap water connected by tubing to the heat exchanger.

# LIMITING THE POWER to Protect the HCPC-G

# ALA HCT temperature controllers

Limiting the power is easy with any of the ALA or npi temperature controllers. Each one features a "LIMITER" that sets a limit on the maximum voltage that can be output to a powered device. (Be sure that your controller will not exceed 12 volts)



If at any time you need to check the voltage out to the HCPC, use a meter between these two outputs on the PTC.



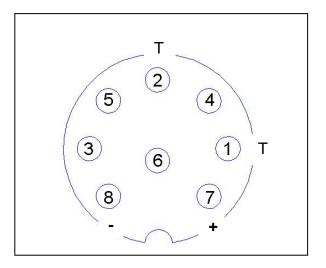


Remember on the npi PTC that when the mode switch is set to Direct, DC Voltage will be supplied to the HCPC. The amount will be set by the pin-wheels. The number you set represents a percentage of the full power that can be applied. The Limiter is by-passed in Direct mode, so for example 500 represents 50% of 14 Volts, or 7 Volts.

### Please refer to the manual from your temperature controller for proper set up.

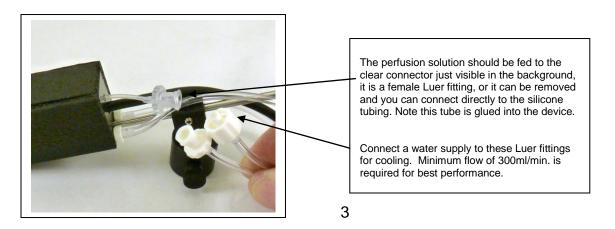
# Power Connections to the HCPC-G

As you view the 8 pin DIN connector, the two pins marked with a T are connected to the thermistor ( $2252\Omega$ type). Power for the unit comes in at the pins marked [+ and-].



#### **Connecting Cooling Water**

For proper operation in the cooling mode, the heat generated by the thermoelectric device must be removed. If it is not the thermoelectric will enter a feed-forward situation where heat will just continue to build up until the unit is damaged or destroyed. Proper removal of heat is easy as long as a flow of liquid, primarily water, of 300ml/min or more is maintained. The HCPC has two ports on the rear for connection to a water supply.



ALA supplies a CPU cooling device (Coolit) that is ideal for cooling the HCPC.



This particular model is from Koolance and it has the ability to remove over 1100W of heat so it easily can handle the needs of the HCPC-G which has a maximum heat output of about 30 Watts. The cooler is supplied with tubing attached, and the tubes have been equipped with quick connecting Luer fittings for easy set-up. The cooler should be placed on the floor near the rig, it need not be placed at the same height as the HCPC-G, but it will work best if it is no more than 1.2M below it. The cooler will have water and non-toxic antifreeze already loaded in it. If it requires additional filling, please see its manual for instructions.

To connect the cooler to the HCPC-G, all you have to do is connect the tubes from the cooler to the tubes on the HCPC-G. They are simple Luer lock connectors that just have to be twisted to connect. Be sure to make them just finger tight since the nylon fittings have a tendency to swell slightly from the water and can be hard to un-twist without a tool.



Two Luer fittings shown at left connect the cooler to the HCPC-G. When the HCPC-G is to be disconnected, connect the Luer fittings together to form a loop (right) so the fluid does not leak out. When connecting/disconnecting tubes always keep the connections 0.5-1M above the cooler to keep a siphon that will keep the liquid from leaking out during the process.



In order to operate the cooler the module shown at right must be attached, it provides a power input and a place to connect a thermal sensor.

The senor is not used for the HCPC so it can be left coiled and used to monitor room temperature. It must be connected to position 1 to prevent an alarm.





Since CPU coolers are usually powered through the power supply of the computer, this one requires a 12V power adapter with wall transformer. The transformer is universal so it can work anywhere in the world. The power switch is located on top of the power module shown in the photo above.

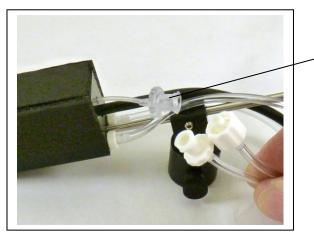
When the unit is turned on, it will go to max fan speed for a short time and the pump will activate.



The front panel will display the temperature. There are three buttons. One will switch between F and C for the temperature monitor, the other buttons will allow manual adjustment of the fan speed (9 speeds) or select automatic. Typically the lowest fan speed is adequate for the HCPC even at 0°C set point. Adjust as necessary, warmer environments may require more air flow to get enough heat transfer. There is no pump speed adjustment.

(Just a note about thermoelectric devices: Thermoelectric devices, also known as Peltiers pump heat in one direction based on the polarity of the voltage applied. One side of the device gets cold while the other gets warm. The side that gets warm needs to have the heat removed if the cold side is to stay cold. Thermoelectric devices have a fixed  $\Delta T$  between the two sides. For the one used here it is about 67°C. It means that under relatively optimum conditions the hot and cold side of the thermoelectric will be about 67°C different. So, the cooler you can keep the hot side, the colder the cold side will be.)

# Connecting your Perfusion Source To The HCPC-G



The input of the HCPC-G is silicone tube equipped with a female Luer connection. The ID of the silicone tube is about 1mm so most ALA manifolds can be connected directly to the tubing if the Luer is removed. Otherwise your perfusion system can be coupled to the HCPC-G with a male Luer.

# **Mounting Options**



The HCPC can be mounted on a magnetic base with a swivel as pictured above, or via mounting rod ( $3.2mm \ 1/8^{th}$  in.) Rods are about 10cm long.

An alternative rod base can be used for a more acute angle, Part number: ALA-HCPC-G-RB (shown in blue)



#### Service and Cleaning

Always flush the HCPC-G with distilled water after every use. Be sure at least 150cc of distilled water flows through the HCPC. It is also good to push out the remaining water with some air if possible and store the unit dry. Do not use more than 15 PSI (103 kPa), over pressure can damage the seals.

Never submerge the unit, never let the unit run in the cooling mode without cooling fluid flowing. Clean the surface of the unit with a damp cloth or paper towel. Do not use acids or strong bases with the HCPC. Internal seals are silicone so do not use any solvents incompatible with silicone. Never use acetone.

The HCPC-G is covered with insulating foam to improve performance. If the coating should need to be removed or is damaged, please contact ALA for replacement parts.

#### Discontinue use immediately if a leak occurs!

The HCPC-G is not serviceable in the field, if it should become clogged or fail in any way, please refer it to the factory. Email: <u>support@alascience.com</u>. Telephone in the US: 631 393 6401

# HCPC-G Specifications and performance statistics

**Cooling** (Power setting: 12V, 1.7A, input fluid temp.: 21C)

Flow rate ml/min	Output temp C°
9.5	13
6	8
5	5.5
3	2.5
2	0.5

Response speed: Power: 12V 1.7A

Flow rate ml/min	Temp drop from 21°	Time	
1	21-0	30 sec	
3	24-4	1 min	

#### Sample Heating Statistics:

Flow rate: ml/min	Max. Temp.	Power required
10	37	9.5V 1.2A
10	52	12V 1.35A
1.5	80	12V 1.12A

Max voltage allowed, heating or cooling: 12V

Max Flow rate: 9ml/min at 1m fluid height. (Higher flow with more pressure.)

Cooling water required for heat sink: Min. flow 300ml/min.

### **Specifications**

Weight	Approx. 84g
L x W x H (without mounting rod)	79 x 24 x 30mm
Internal volume	150uL
in/out tube inside diameter	1mm
Mounting Rod	100 x 3.2mm
Max. flow rate	10ml/min
Min. flow rate	1 ml/min
Max. power	28 W
Max. cooling	20 W
Thermistor type	2252Ω
Coolant flow requirement	No less than 300ml/min
Maximum Voltage	12.0V
Max. Amps	2.5A

### <u>Warranty</u>

ALA Scientific Instruments agrees to warranty this device for a period of one year from the date of shipment. This is a limited warranty in that damage resulting from misuse or failure to follow directions will not be covered. Warranty is limited to repair or replacement of the device at ALA's discretion. Claims are limited to defects in workmanship which includes leaks, o ring failure, structural or electronic failure do to defects in manufacturing. Damage due to overheating, frost formation, high humidity, condensation and/or poor lab protocol such as failure to flush out the device after each usage will not be covered. Damage resulting from unauthorized repairs will not be covered. Chemical damage from the use of acids or acetone will not be covered. Your warranty rights may vary from state to state or country to country.

Contact your distributor or <u>support@alascience.com</u> for repairs and information on service.